Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims

- 1. (Currently Amended) Device for detecting thermal conductivity of a sample by application of optical pulse techniques, comprising
 - a furnace for heating the sample to a predetermined temperature,
 - a source of radiation for emitting high-energy radiation in the form of pulses onto said sample for heating the sample,
 - an infrared sensor for detecting time history of infrared radiation emitted by said sample,
 - a decoupler element for decoupling a reference radiation from a beam emitted by said source of radiation,
 - a second sensor for measuring said reference radiation, as well as
 - an analyzer unit for detecting the thermal conductivity of the sample by analyzing signals of said infrared sensor,
 - said second sensor for measuring said reference radiation having a bandwidth that is substantially wider than a reciprocal value of pulse length of said source of radiation,
 - said analyzer unit being so designed that it detects the thermal conductivity by deriving it from the signals of said infrared sensor, which are corrected by performing a convolution with the measuring signals of said second sensor by approximating a laser pulse by sections in at least two sections by means of exponential functions, and
 - said analyzer unit being designed for detecting a time difference between a rated zero point in time and a starting point of the approximated optical laser pulse.
- 2. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for approximating a high-speed rising edge of the laser pulse by the formula

$$I_1(t) = A \cdot [1 - \exp\{-(t - Delay)/\tau_1\}]$$

3. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for approximating a high-speed rising edge of the laser pulse by the formula

$$I_1(t) = A \cdot \left[1 - \frac{\tau_{12}}{\tau_{12} - \tau_{11}} \cdot \exp\left\{ -(t - Delay) / \tau_{12} \right\} + \frac{\tau_{11}}{\tau_{12} - \tau_{11}} \cdot \exp\left\{ -(t - Delay) / \tau_{11} \right\} \right]$$

4. (Currently Amended) Device according to Claim 13.

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for approximating a high speed rising edge, slightly downward sloping platau of the laser pulse by the formula

$$I_2(t) = I_1(t) \cdot \exp\left\{-(t - Delay)/\tau_2\right\}$$

5. (Currently Amended) Device according to Claim 14,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for approximating a high-speed downward ramp of laser radiation after cut-off of pumping light, by the formula

$$I_3(t) = I_2(t-Delay + t_o) \cdot \exp\{-(t-Delay - t_o)/\tau_3\}$$

6. (Currently Amended) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for approximating a high-speed downward ramp of laser radiation after cut-off of pumping light, by the formula

$$I_{3}(t) = I_{2}(t - Delay + t_{e})$$

$$\cdot \left[\frac{\tau_{32}}{\tau_{32} - \tau_{31}} \cdot \exp\{-(t - Delay - t_{e})/\tau_{32}\} - \frac{\tau_{31}}{\tau_{32} - \tau_{31}} \cdot \exp\{-(t - Delay - t_{e}))/\tau_{31}\} \right]$$

7. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is so designed that it takes approximations of an optical pulse as a basis for performing a convolution with model functions for heat transfer.

8. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for performing a convolution of an optical pulse by means of a model function for heat transfer with application of a Cowan approximation.

9. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for performing a convolution of an optical pulse by means of a model function for heat transfer for translucent materials.

10. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for performing a convolution of an optical pulse by means of a model function for heat transfer with application of a Cape-Lehmann solution.

11. (Currently Amended) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for performing a convolution of an optical pulse by means of a model function for heat transfer in multiple layers, preferably double or triple layers.

12. (Original) Device according to Claim 1,

characterized in that

said analyzer unit is designed for performing a convolution of an optical pulse by means of a model function for heat transfer for multiple layers having thermal resistance.

13. (Canceled)